

Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 1 of Total 7

Trade Name:	GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER				
SUPPLIER:	ECOCLEAN UTILITY AGENCIE	ECOCLEAN UTILITY AGENCIES PTY LTD			
ADDRESS:	PO Box 6224 YATALA DC 42	PO Box 6224 YATALA DC 4207			
TELEPHONE:	(07) 5549 3622	(07) 5549 3622 FAX: (07) 5549 3666			
EMERGENCY PHONE:	13 1126 in Australia.	ABN:	72 135 037 160		
Substance:	water based liquid	Product Use:	Oven cleaner		
Creation Date:	November 2016	Revision Date:	November 2021		

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION				
Classification of the substance or	mixture			
Poisons Schedule	S6 (POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)			
Dangerous Goods	CLASS 8 CORROSIVE			
GHS Classification	Skin Corrosion/Irritation category 1A			
	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1			
	Acute Toxicity category 4			
	Corrosive to Metals category 1			
Label elements				
GHS label pictograms				
Signal word	DANGER			
Hazard statement(s)				
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.			
H318	Causes serious eye damage.			
H302	Harmful if swallowed.			
H290 May be corrosive to metals.				
Precautionary statement(s): Gen	eral			
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.			
P102	Keep out of reach of children.			
P103	Read label before use.			
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	ention			
P234	Keep only in original container.			
P260	Do not breathe mists.			
P264	Wash hands/skin thoroughly after handling.			
P280				
P270				
Precautionary statement(s): Resp	Precautionary statement(s): Response			
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.			
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin			
	with water/shower.			
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.			



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 2 of Total 7

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable fo			
	breathing.		
P305+P351+P338	B IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if		
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P310	P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).		
Precautionary statement(s): Storage			
P405	Store locked up.		
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	osal		
P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.		
Note			
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its		
	concentrated form, as supplied. When diluted to 1:50 or greater they no longer apply.		
	However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.		

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:		
Alkylpolyglycoside C8-10	68515-73-1	<10%		
(Capryl glucoside)				
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	10 - 30% w/w		
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous (chelating agents, dye)	various	< 10 % w/w		
Water	7732-18-5	To 100 % w/w		

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS) , 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID N	1EASURES		
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.		
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated		
	clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or		
	redness persists.		
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove		
	contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a		
	doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.		
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.		
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vo			
	further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek immediate medical advice (e.g. doctor).		
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.		
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand		
	can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New		
	Zealand 0800 764 766).		
First Aid Facilities	Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.		

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
Fire and Explosion	Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual			
Hazards	material may burn.			



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 3 of Total 7

Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.		
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-		
	contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.		
Flash Point	None		

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES				
Emergency Procedures	cedures Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. Rinse with water.			
	In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. Wear			
	appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination.			
	Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g.			
sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for				
	by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash			
	area down with excess water. If required, neutralize with acid.If contamination of sewers or			
	waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage			
	notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.			

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE			
Handling	Corrosive liquid. Attacks skin and eyes. Causes burns. Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.		
Storage	Corrosive liquid. Store in a cool dry well-ventilated area. Store away from oxidising agents and acids. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Provide a catch-tank in a bunded area. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. Protect from freezing. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 3780 The storage and handling of corrosive substances. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.		

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CO	NTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION			
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety			
	Commission:			
	Time-weighted Average (TWA):			
	None established for product.			
	Potassium hydroxide TWA: 2mg/m3 Peak limitation			
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):			
	None established for product.			
Ventilation	This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.			
Personal Protective	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends			
Equipment	upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be			
	available;			



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 4 of Total 7

Eye Protection	Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.
Respirator	If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	yellow	
Odour	characteristic odour	Specific Gravity	1.25 – 1.35 @ 25 °C	
Boiling Point	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0 °C	
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available	
Flash Point	Not flammable	Flammable Limits	none	
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	13.5 neat	
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	Ca 65 % v/v	
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available	

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reacts vigorously with acids.
Incompatibilities	ACIDS: violent reaction can occur, yielding heat and pressure, which can burst an enclosed container. Attacks many reactive metals (aluminium/magnesium/zinc alloys) releasing highly flammable gas (hydrogen), which generates fire or explosion hazards. Reacts slowly with ambient air (particularly carbon dioxide), which may cause certain insoluble salts top form in solutions
Hazardous	
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 5 of Total 7

Inhalation	Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation. Exposure to high concentrations of the product in liquid form or as a mist may lead to possible
	harmful corrosive effects including lesions of the nasal septum, pulmonary oedema, pneumonitis
	and emphysema.
Skin contact	
Skin contact	Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns, severe irritation. Corrosion will continue until removed.
	Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure. Burns are not immediately
Fire contract	painful; onset of pain may be minutes to hours.
Eye contact	Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Permanent eye damage, including loss of sight, may occur. High concentrations of vapours will cause irritation.
Ingestion	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting of blood and eroded tissue; chemical burns of the
ingestion	mouth, throat & abdomen; perforation of the gastrointestinal tract.
Chronic exposure	Prolonged and repeated skin contact with diluted solutions may induce eczematoid dermatitis.
chronic exposure	Development of a defatting dermatitis on prolonged contact with potassium hydroxide has been
	reported.
Toxicology Information	Acute toxicity category 4. Oral LD50 (calculated) : 1300 mg/kg
Carcinogen Status	
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
Eco-toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
Product (as sold)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 330 - 370 mg/L.
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS
Eco-toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
Product (at use dilution	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 33000 - 37000 mg/L.
1:100 rinse)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS
Persistence and	Deadily hisdegradable, based on ingredients
degradability	Readily biodegradable, based on ingredients.
Bio accumulative	No bioaccumulation is expected.
potential	
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition
	to the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
Environmental Protection	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 6 of Total 7

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Labels Required	
ADG	UN 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No
HAZCHEM	2X
Land Transport (ADG)	
UN Number	1760
ADG Proper Shipping	
Name	CORROSIVE LIQUID , N.O.S. (POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)
ADG Code Hazard Class	8
HAZCHEM Code	2X
Special Provisions	None allocated.
Packing Group	II
Packaging Method	None allocated.
IERG Number	37
Segregation	 This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive Substances Dangerous Goods Class 8 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following: Class 1: Explosives Division 4.3: Dangerous when wet Substances Division 5.1: Oxidising substances Division 5.2: Organic peroxides Class 6, Toxic or Infectious Substances, if the Class 6 dangerous goods are cyanides and the Class 8 dangerous goods are acids Class 7: Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted and are incompatible with food and food packaging in any quantity. Strong acids must not be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle with strong alkalis. Packing Group I and II acids and alkalis should be considered as strong.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION	
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S6
ADG Code	Class 8
AICS	All ingredients present on AICS.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION	
Issue Date	12 th November 2016
Version Number	V 2.0
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.



Product Name:

GRIZZLY BEAR OVEN CLEANER

Date of Issue: NOV 2016

Page 7 of Total 7

acronyms	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.
	End of SDS